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Staying Maasai Livelihoods Conservation And

Given the enduring interest in East African wildlife, and the very large tourist income it generates, these communities and ecosystems seem a natural case for green development based on community conservation. This volume is focused on the livelihoods of the Maasai in two different countries - Kenya and Tanzania.

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The aim was to create a better understanding of current livelihood patterns and the decisions facing Maasai at the start of the 21 st Century in the context of ongoing environmental, political, and societal change. With a research design that linked quantitative and qualitative methods and research teams across multiple pastoral sites for the first time, a comparison of livelihood strategies and returns to livestock, crops, wildlife tourism, and other activities across Kenyan and Tanzanian ...

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Staying Maasai?: Livelihoods, Conservation, and ...

Staying Maasai? Livelihoods, Conservation and Development in East African Rangelands by Katherine Homewood and Publisher Springer. Save up to 80% by choosing the eTextbook option for ISBN: 9780387874920, 0387874925. The print version of this textbook is ISBN: 9780387874920, 0387874925.

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Request PDF | Staying Maasai?: Livelihoods, Conservation and Development in East African Rangelands | People, livestock and wildlife have lived together on the savannas of East Africa for millennia.

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Given the enduring interest in East African wildlife, and the very large tourist income it generates, these communities and ecosystems seem a natural case for green development based on community...

Staying Maasai?: Livelihoods, Conservation and Development ...

While livestock remains the critical anchor for most Maasai households, many are obtaining income from a variety of alternative sources. Unfortunately, income from wildlife/tourism, an option seen as most desirable by many because of its potential to provide economically and environmentally 'win-win' situations, still benefits relatively few Maasai.

Staying Maasai? Livelihoods, Conservation and Development ...

Since the early colonial era, Tanzania's wildlife has been a focus of management and conservation efforts. Maasailand, with its wildlife richness, has received much of the attention of government conservation initiatives.

Community-Based Conservation and Maasai Livelihoods in ...

The primary source of livelihood in Maasailand is livestock pastoralism (Homewood and Rodgers 1991; Homewood et al. 2009a Homewood et al., 2009b), with the main species kept being cattle, sheep,...

Changing Land Use, Livelihoods and Wildlife Conservation ...

The aim was to create a better understanding of current livelihood patterns and the decisions facing Maasai at the start of the 21 st Century in the context of ongoing environmental, political, and societal change. With a research design that linked quantitative and qualitative methods and research teams across multiple pastoral sites for the ...

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MWCT supports the Maasai to diversify livelihoods beyond pastoralism. Pastoralism has been the primary livelihood of the Maasai for centuries. MWCT supports Kuku Group Ranch residents to continue this livelihood in coexistence with wildlife, compensating herders for livestock lost to wildlife predation through the Wildlife Pays program.

Livelihoods - Maasai Community - Maasai Wilderness ...

Staying Maasai? Livelihoods, Conservation and Development in East African Rangelands (Springer 2009), a book co-edited by Professor Katherine Homewood (UCL Anthropology), brings together thirty years of research on East Africa's iconic Maasai people. The contributing authors present arguments for significant changes in the region's policies affecting Maasailand - the Maasai heartland straddling the Kenya-Tanzania border - and its communities.

Staying Maasai? | UCL News - UCL - University College London

Projects. 1. Changing Maasai Land Use and Livelihoods: Multi site comparative study and synthesis of the outcomes of changing land use and the implications for wildlife conservation, poverty reduction and economic development: Kenyan, Ethiopian and Tanzanian rangelands.

Anthropology Department at University College London (UCL ...

In their Research Article "Cross-boundary human impacts compromise the Serengeti-Mara ecosystem" (29 March, p. 1424), M. P. Veldhuis et al. argue that human population growth in nearby areas, and the resulting increased human activity, is squeezing wildlife into existing protected areas in a way that might lead to decline in wildlife numbers throughout the ecosystem. As a solution, they ...

Conservation: Beyond population growth | Science

effective conservation measures demand the recognition of historical and empirical com- ... Eds., Staying Maasai? Livelihoods, Conservation and Development in East African Rangelands (Springer, London, 2009). S. A. Mittal, E. Fraser, "Losing the Serengeti: The Maasai land

Conservation: Beyond population growth

Maren has 10-years post-graduate research experience working on poverty - correlates of poverty and poverty dynamics, and integrating quantitative and qualitative research methods for poverty analysis; livelihoods analysis focusing on assessing economic returns to different livelihood options; livestock marketing in pastoral and agro-pastoral ...

Maren Radeny | CCAFS: CGIAR research program on Climate ...

The Covid-19 pandemic forced most of the world's workers to stay home. For the first Maasai women employed to fight poachers in Kenya's Amboseli region, it meant that Team Lioness had to stay on ...